



Year 1: Home Learning Schedule

W/C 29 th June	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Maths Suggested timing: 45 mins per lesson This week we will be focussing upon: Addition and Subtraction We have produced a 'pre-teach' video to introduce this week's learning in maths. We recommend watching the video before commencing Lesson 1. Please click here to view this.	Lesson 1: Adding by counting on A recap on how to add by counting forwards. Click here. You will find a learning summary document and two activity sheets. Choose the questions that are most suitable for you.	Lesson 2: Add and subtract by making ten Learn how making ten can be a useful strategy to help with addition and subtraction. Click here. This lesson includes a video, a worksheet and an interactive quiz. For further support watch this video by clicking here.	Lesson 3: Subtract within 20 Recap and learn how to take away, the opposite of adding. Click here. You will find a video, an interactive activity, a worksheet and a quiz. Click here for another video to help you practise.	Lesson 4: Addition and subtraction word problems Find out how to solve problems by clicking the link here. This lesson includes an informative slideshow and two activities. Click here for another video tutorial.	Lesson 5: Comparing number sentences Learn how to use the symbols <, > and = to compare number sentences. Click here. This lesson has two videos, an interactive activity and two worksheets. Here is another video to help you practise.
Pomomber to log in to TTPocketars each weak to practice your times tables					



Remember to log in to TTRockstars each week to practise your times tables.





Remember to share your learning on Class Dojo!

Take a photo of your work for the lessons with this symbol and upload it to the Portfolio section for your teacher to see.



English

Suggested timing: 45 mins per lesson

This week our text type is:

Character Descriptions

We have produced a 'pre-teach' video to introduce this week's learning in English. We recommend watching the video before commencing Lesson 1. Please click here to view this.

Lesson 1: Reading and Comprehension

Listen to a new story 'Saint George and the Dragon'. Listen to how the dragon is described and answer some retrieval questions. Click here.

You will need a piece of paper and a pencil.

Lesson 2: Using a story map

Learn how to create a story map to retell a story and remember the key parts. Click

You will need a piece of paper and a pencil.

Lesson 3: Describing a character's appearance

Learn how to draw your own dragon and use adjectives to describe it. Click <u>here</u>.

You will need a piece of paper and a pencil.

Lesson 4: Describing a character's personality

Learn how to use adjectives to describe the dragon's personality, by clicking here.

You will need a piece of lined paper and a pencil.

Lesson 5: Writing a character description

Use your drawing and sentences from this week to write a character description about the dragon. Click here.



You will need your dragon picture and sentences from yesterday.

This week's phonics sounds are:

oa

ow

o_e

Additional phonics support can be found using the RWI videos here.



Having any problems with the tasks?

Feel free to pop any questions or issues onto our class Padlet here!



Don't forget to join us every afternoon, Monday to Friday, at 1pm. Click here to take part in a live discussion on Microsoft Teams about the day's learning alongside your classmates and teacher.



Maths – **Lesson 1.** Have a go at this activity independently.

Answers to all maths lessons are at the end of this document.

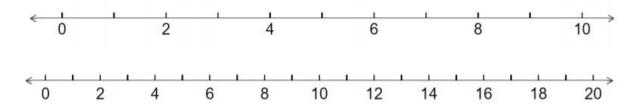


Year 1

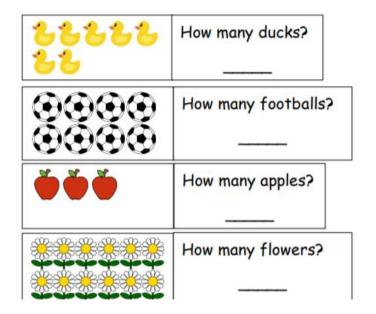
Maths

Adding on and counting within 20

1. Can you fill in the missing numbers on the number lines?



2. Can you count the objects?



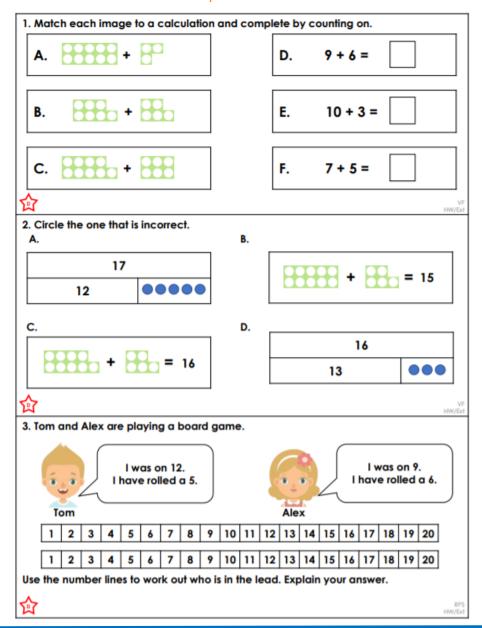
3. Using objects, pictures or the number line, can you solve these calculations?



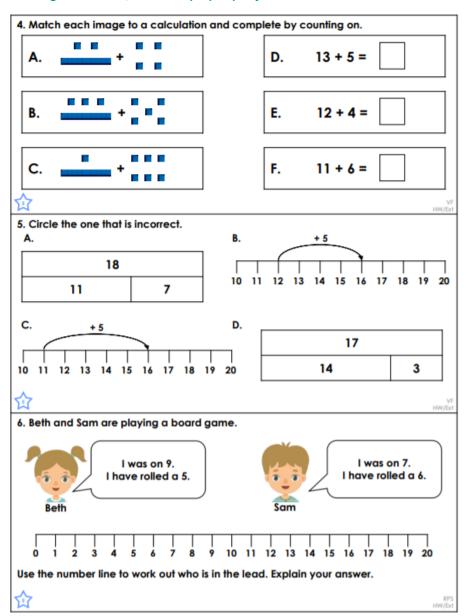


Choose which set of questions is most suitable for you. There are three sets to choose from.

I am unsure and still need to practise.



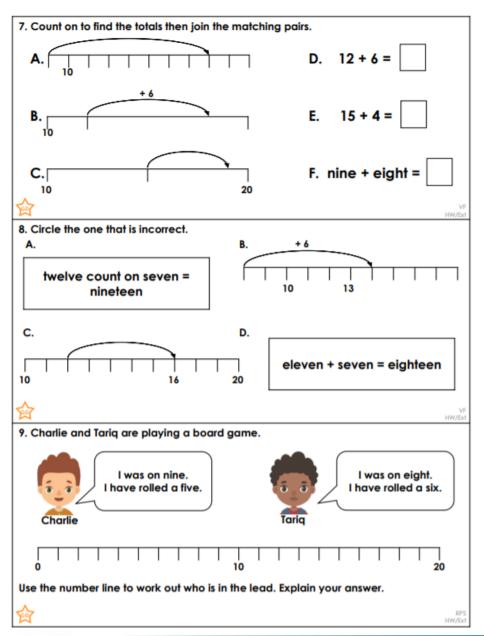
I am good at this, let me try by myself.







I know what I am doing, give me a challenge.



Maths - Lesson 2



1. Complete the number lines and calculations to show how you can add by making

10.

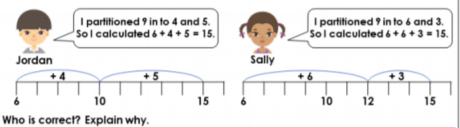
6 + 6 = 6 10 6 + + = 6

2. Match the ten frames to the correct calculations and complete the answers.





3. Jordan and Sally are solving the calculation 6 + 9. They must add by making 10.



Maths – Lesson 3. Give these a go all by yourself.

Maths

Repeat Questions

Step 12

Subtraction

I can take a 1d number from a number to 20 Remember To:

- · find the starting number
- · count back the right amount
- · see where you have landed

╝ 4-3=

² 7-3=

3 14 - 9 =

4 10 - 2 =

7-6=

⁶ 2-1=

7-4=

⁸ 6-4=

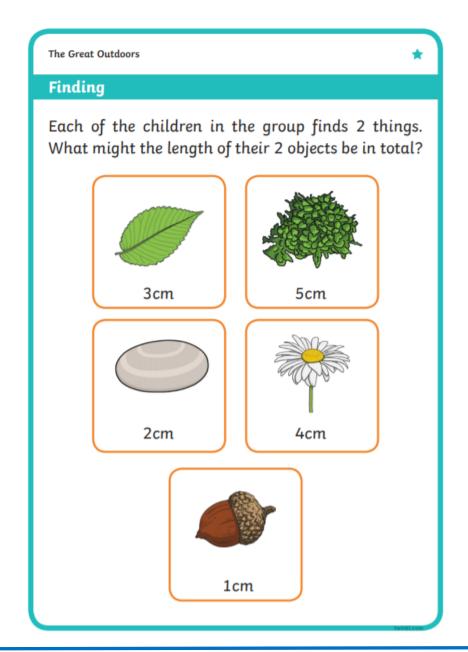
9 12 - 1 =

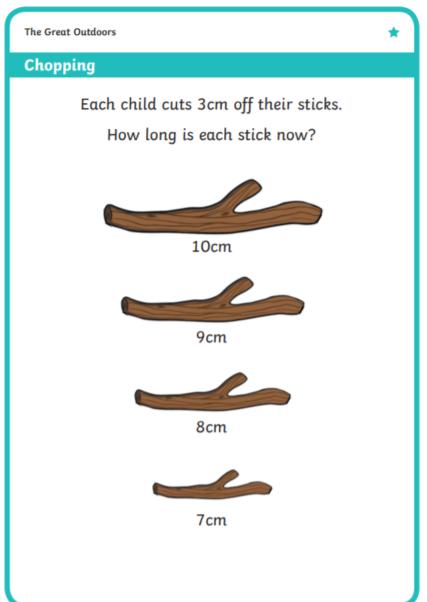
10 - 3 =





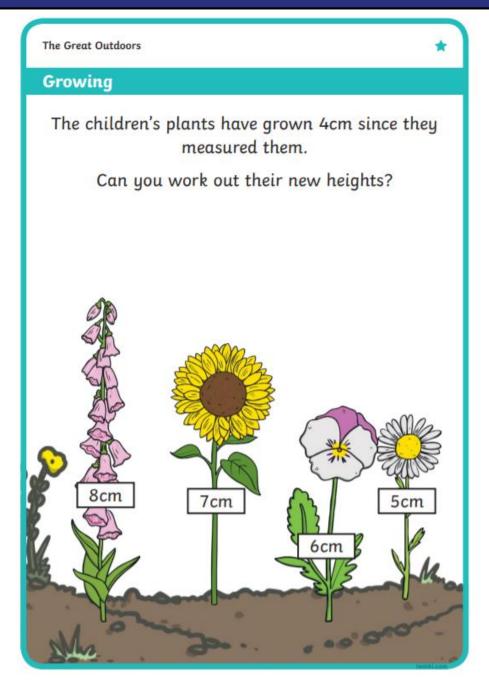
Maths – Lesson 4. Choose a couple of the following challenges to have a go at. There are four altogether.

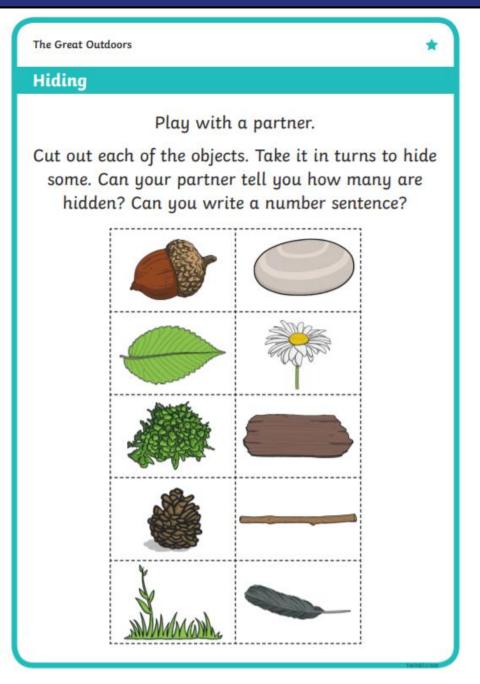














Maths - Lesson 4

Have a go at these tricky challenges!





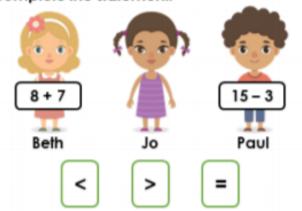
Maths – Lesson 5



 Circle the number sentence with the smallest answer.

Insert the symbol to complete the statement below.

3. Circle the symbol Jo should hold up to complete the statement.



4. Which statement is incorrect?

A.
$$7 + 6$$
 is greater than $9 + 2$

B.
$$16 - 4 = 7 + 7$$

5. Complete the comparison statement using the digit cards.

6. True or false?

Prove it.



Find 3 possibilities.





Compare and order numbers from 0 to 100; use <, > and = signs

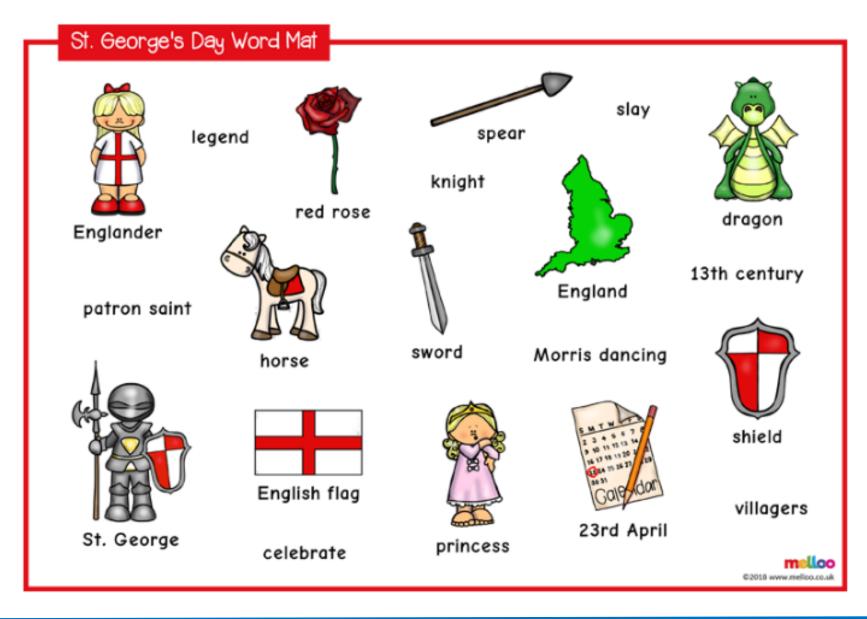
0	Write <, > or =	in the boxes.			
a		52	97	8 tens and	9 ones
b		/////// //////////////////////////////	(10)	/10/10/ /10/10	57
2	Now try these.				
a	68 72	© 36	30 + 6		
Ь	100 57	d 79	9 tens and	7 ones	
3	Put the followin	ng numbers in o	rder of size, sta	rting with the <u>sr</u>	mallest.
a	100 smallest	86	72	84	29 largest
6	14 smallest	42	0	41	3 largest
G	84 smallest	49	69	48	64 largest





English – Lesson 2. Using a story map









Describing a Dragon

Dazzling Dragons - alliterative adjectives eyes head 🕉 wings legs scales claws teeth spikes horns Ears cutting emerald Leathery terrible wicked scarlet hard crimson eager tremendous wonderful hooked large savage hairy terrifying scary warlike callous eerie limping electrifying horrendous loathsome scratchy terrific clear WAVU clumsy enormous long horrible silver titanic weary weighty evil Lumpy sinister creepy horrid tough excellent handsome toxic weird crooked smooth lazy exotic sleek white harsh cruel slim wide excited harmful hateful wild slender sparkling wonderful huge spooley hazardous wondrous stiff heavy



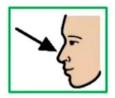


Parts of our dragon

- nose
- teeth
- claws
- body
- wings
- eyes

Noun

A noun is a person, place or thing.









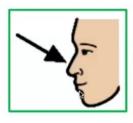




Adjectives

An adjective describes a noun.







Describing the dragon's personality

The dragon is		
The dragon is	and	
He is		
Ho.is.	and.	



Optional writing template



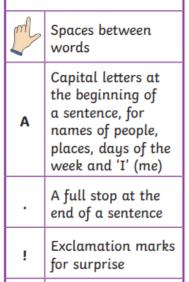
Dragon _____

Appearance:	Draw a sketch of your character:
Personality:	
Sentences: Put your adjective	es together in sentences.





Punctuation Power!



Joining Ideas

questions

Question marks for

and

fish and chips

bat **and** ball

Tim and Sam

I love football **and** I love school.



Writing Mat Expected Year 1

Super Spellings I need to know some of these:				
α	go	me	push	they
are	has	my	said	to
ask	he	no	says	today
be	here	of	school	was
by	his	one	she	we
come	house	once	so	were
do	I	our	some	where
friend	is	pull	the	you
full	love	put	there	your

Days of the week					
Monday	Tueso	Tuesday		Wednesday	
Thursday	Friday	Saturday		Sunday	

More than One!

Use -s and -es to make plurals.

three bears



some dishes



Fantastic Phonics

Say the word.

Split it into phonemes.

Write the graphemes.

Use your phonics knowledge to spell words.

Read and write these:

j v w x y z zz qu ch sh th ng ai ee igh oa oo ar or ur ow oi ear air ure er

ay ou ie ea oy ir ue aw wh ph ew oe au ey a-e e-e i-e o-e u-e

Super Suffixes

Use -ing, -ed and -er to make new words.

playing	played	player
helping	helped	helper

Top Tips

Say your whole sentence out loud first.

Read it back to check that it makes sense and make changes.



Answers

Maths – Lesson 1

Worksheet 1 – answers on recap

Optional worksheets -

Developing

- 1. A and E, 10 + 3 = 13, B and F, 7 + 5 = 12, C and D, 9 + 6 = 15
- 2. C
- 3. 12 count on 5 is 17 and 9 count on 6 is 15 so Tom is in the lead.

Expected

- 4. A and E, 12 + 4 = 16, B and D, 13 + 5 = 18, C and F, 11 + 6 = 17.
- 5. B
- 6. 9 count on 5 is 14 and 7 count on 6 is 13 so Beth is in the lead.

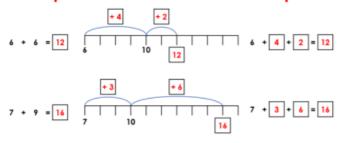
Greater Depth

- 7. A and F, nine + eight = 17, B and D, 12 + 6 = 18, C and E, 15 + 4 = 19
- 8. C
- 9. 9 count on 5 is 14 and 8 count on 6 is 14 so Charlie and Tariq are joint leaders.

Maths - Lesson 2



The representations should be completed as:



- 2. A. 8 + 2 + 2 = 12; B. 5 + 5 + 3 = 13
- 3. Jordan is correct because he has created a number bond to 10 with 6 + 4. He has added by making 10. 6 + 4 = 10 + 5 = 15.

Answers

Maths - Lesson 3

1 4 - 3 = **1**

2 7-3=4

³ 14 - 9 = 5

10 - 2 = 8

⁵ 7-6=1

6 2-1=1

7-4=3

⁸ 6 - 4 = 2

9 12 - 1 = 11

 10 10 - 3 = 7

Maths - Lesson 4

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1. Finding

rtitutity

1cm + 2cm = 3cm

1cm + 3cm = 4cm

1cm + 4 cm = 5cm

2cm + 3cm = 5cm

2cm + 4cm = 6cm

2cm + 5cm = 7cm

3cm + 4cm = 5cm

3cm + 5cm = 8cm

4cm + 5cm = 9cm

If you allow the children to

use the same object twice:

1cm + 1cm = 2cm

2cm + 2cm = 4cm

3cm + 3cm = 6cm

4cm + 4cm = 8cm

5cm + 5cm = 10cm

Answers

2. Chopping

10cm - 3cm = 7cm

9cm - 3cm = 6cm

8cm - 3cm = 5cm

7cm - 3cm = 4cm

3. Growing

5cm + 4cm = 9cm

6cm + 4cm = 10cm

7cm + 4cm = 11cm

8cm + 4cm = 12cm



Maths – Lesson 4

Challenges



MojiMaths Addition and Subtraction

****** + ****** = 18

MojiMaths Addition and Subtraction

Maths – Lesson 5



Worksheet 1 -

- 1. B. 12 8 = 4
- 2. <
- 3. >
- 4. B
- 5. Various answers, for example: 13 + 4 = 9 + 8; 4 + 13 = 9 + 8; 9 + 8 = 13 + 4
- 6. True because 16 7 = 9 and 13 4 = 9. Both calculations are equal.
- 7. Various answers, for example: 8 + 7; 16 4; 13 + 6

Worksheet 2 -

- 1 a) < b) = c) > d) >
- (a) < (b) > (c) = (d) < (d)
- 3 a) 29, 72, 84, 86 100 b) 0, 3, 14, 41, 42
 - c) 48, 49, 64, 69, 84